Ambrose Bierce

An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge

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I

A MAN STOOD upon a railroad bridge in northern Alabama, looking down at the swift water twenty feet below. His hands were behind his back, the wrists bound with a cord. A rope encircled his neck in such a manner that if he fell forward or to either side he would be hanged. The other end of the rope was tied to the limb of a tree above his head. Some loose boards laid upon the ties supporting the two rails of the railroad immediately under his feet. A sergeant and four soldiers of the Federal army, detailed by a sergeant who was not present, stood near by. Midway between them was the same commissioned officer who had charge of the execution of the man, armed. He was a captain. Two private soldiers stood at the ends of the bridge with their muskets at "parade rest," that is to say, vertical in front of the left shoulder, the butts resting upon the right foot. Both were facing the sergeant, who was facing the condemned man.

The man who was to be hanged for high treason upon the left shoulder, the water, touched in the middle of the stream, the current being sluggish at the banks. A stout oaken beam from the bridge, one end resting upon the top of the left bank of the stream, the other projecting out over the water, supported the middle of the bridge. The captain stood upon this beam, his feet together, his head erect, looking squarely before him, his face without a muscle in motion. He was a commander and he knew how to command himself. Nothing in his face indicated that he was anything more than a spectator of the scene. He looked like a man detailed for a duty which he knew all about and meant to perform with precision and dispatch. Conscious that his own life might be forfeit should he show signs of sympathy with the man whose life he was there to take away, he was without sympathy or any other human weakness. Yet he was not indifferent to the importance of the occasion. On the contrary, he was doubtless thinking of it as an occasion that would live forever in his memory and examine himself in order to make sure that he should not, in time to come, when he had ceased to remember the man he had killed, be haunted by any feeling of remorse for having neglected any part of his duty. Nothing could be more soldierlike than his demeanor.

The sergeant, standing beside the left-hand soldier of the four, had his sword in his hand, the point resting upon the toe of his shoe. He was a trifle older than the captain, and his face showed intelligence of a kind that fitted him to be the executive officer of the party. He was charged with the duty of observing the conduct of the captain and the men and verifying the execution of the sentence.

The four soldiers were marines, and were as fine specimens of their corps as could have been selected for such a purpose. They were tall, erect, moustached, and handsome. Their discipline was evidenced by the attitude in which they stood, each leaning slightly forward, looking straight ahead, and holding his piece firmly against his shoulder with the butt resting upon the ball of his right foot. Their eyes were not turned in the direction of the condemned man, but upon the sergeant, awaiting the command that would result in his death.

The civilian was apparently about thirty-five years of age. He was a well-built man, with a good head, which was bare, and a handsome face, but for a pronounced expression of sadness about the mouth and a certain wildness in the eyes, which betrayed the fact that he was strongly wrought upon by his environment. He was clad in a suit of good dark cloth, which had evidently been chosen with some care, for it was such a garment as a planter might wear on a visit to the county seat to meet his friends on a day of festivity. His shirt was of fine linen, and there was a diamond pin in his cravat. His hands were large and well formed; one of them clasped the other behind him a little below the waist; the other loosely held a pipe. He was a slaveholder of wealth and consideration, and his name was known throughout the South.

While the sergeant progressed through the military formalities which have been briefly described, the civilian looked steadily and calmly at the water directly before him. He was apparently observing the place at which he would probably strike it when he should leap from the support. He was a practical man, and had no doubt calculated the chances that he would survive the shock of the fall, and was thinking of them. He had evidently not the remotest conception that he would be asked to do anything but precisely what he was doing. Only when commanded to step forward and assume the place where he now stood had he any thought that he was expected to die. Only then did he understand that he was to be hanged from the railroad bridge over Owl Creek. From the moment that he understood this until the sergeant's words, "Attention, company!" were spoken, he had been under the influence of a psychological disturbance of the most remarkable character. His mind was now busily engaged with an astronomical problem, now with the mechanism of his watch, now with the singing in his ears, which had begun with the first sound of the sergeant's voice, now with the conformation of the terrain about him, and now with the song of a bird on a tree overhead. Of the sergeant's words of command he had heard only those relating to himself, and these had made no impression upon his consciousness, but had passed directly to the seat of action in the brain, and been lost to memory.

Suddenly he heard the sergeant's sword grate upon the steel scabbard as it was drawn from its sheath, and he knew that the end had come. He inferred that he would be shot, and was glad of it, for he had been dreading the rope. Supposing the command to be given immediately after the sword was drawn, he thought that he would have time to say to himself "Attention, company!" and "Fire!" Determined to miss nothing, he concentrated his faculties upon his ears. He did not think of his eyes, which were useless to him, since he could not see the rifles of the men, nor would he have turned his head to look at them for the world.

He was not conscious of an effort, but a sharp pain in his throat made him aware that he was choking. His neck had been jerked violently. He felt himself whirled around with great velocity, first with his face toward the water, then toward the sky, then toward the bridge. He saw the sergeant's face for an instant as it turned toward him with an astonished look; he noticed the gray color of the captain's uniform; he felt himself sinking backward through the air. All this occurred in a moment, during which his senses seemed preternaturally keen and alert.

Keen pain in his throat, suffocation and strangulation, a feeling as of fire in his brain, were succeeded by total darkness and silence. He was dead.

II

AS PETTON FARQUHAR fell straight downward through the bridge he lost consciousness and was as one dead. From this state he was to be awakened — ages later, it seemed to him — by the pain of a sharp blow upon the head, followed by a sense of suffocation. For a moment agonies succeeded each other with inconceivable rapidity and activity. First, he was conscious of the pain of the blow; next of the sensation of suffocation; immediately afterward of a feeling as if his head were being crushed by a great weight. Then all was peaceful and he was no more.

Peyton Farquhar was a well-to-do planter, of an old family, and a slaveholder of the highest standing. His home was one of those delightful residences of the South, with which the traveler by river or road is familiar rather by reputation than observation, for they are not often passed on the highway, and the river plantations are remote from the steamboat landings. But the impression which they produce on the mind of the wayfarer is one of delightful repose and contentment, of a life of simple but generous living, of a healthful, tranquil existence remote from all sordid cares. Such was the impression which the place of Peyton Farquhar had made upon Captain Williamson Forbes, contractor and builder, who had been charged with the construction of the railroad bridge that bore his name, and had been a frequent guest at the house before the war. Doubtless the same impression would have been made upon other travelers by other signs: the gentle manners of the host, the courtly welcome of his family, the hospitality that waited upon their every thought, the retinue of servants, the high-bred grace of the horses at the door, the luxuriant lawns and gardens, the wide, cool verandas, the large, airy rooms within, filled with books and upholstered in subdued colors. All this and more the traveler would have noted who knew the ways of the South; but Peyton Farquhar was dead and his neighbors knew it as well.

He was dimly conscious of motion, but it conveyed no intelligence to his mind. He heard no sound, yet he knew that he was in rapid motion. He felt himself surrounded by some substance, which he knew to be air, but which seemed to him more dense than water. He was sensible of an intense darkness. Of course he had no thought as to his condition. He was conscious of nothing but motion and darkness.

Suddenly he saw a flash of light and heard a roaring report, simultaneously with which he received a shock as if struck in the forehead by a thunderbolt. Then he knew that he was alive and that he had been shot while attempting to escape. Perhaps he had inferred as much from the nature of his sensations; he had not thought of them. He was now in the water, sinking slowly, and had almost reached the bottom. For a long time he remained there, conscious of the pain in his head, but understanding nothing. Then he began to rise toward the surface. He knew that he was rising and wondered why he did not reach it quickly. He felt himself floating gently upward, and could see the sunlight through the water above him. His progress seemed very slow. He thought of his wife and children, and was sorry that he should not see them again. He noticed that he was rising with his head downstream, and that he could see the bridge, with the people upon it, through the intervening water. He thought of his home, and of scenes of childhood, which seemed remote in time and place. He felt himself drawn ashore and laid upon the bank, and remembered nothing more.

III

A KEEN DESIRE to see the beautiful world once more took possession of Peyton Farquhar. To a man of his alert imagination, to whom death was the most dreadful of calamities, the conviction that he had escaped it seemed supremely blissful. How he had escaped, what had happened, he did not know, nor did he care. He was not conscious of any bodily injury, for he felt only a general numbness, which made it impossible to say that any part of his body was more than another a source of pain. He was hungry, and his mouth was filled with sand. He could hear his heart beating, and was content to do so. He could see the forest on the shore, and was glad of it. He could hear the birds singing in the trees, and was glad of that. He could see a rabbit run across a road in front of him, and was glad of that. He could see a fish spring from the water beside a log, and was glad of that. He could see the sun shining on the trees and flowers, and was glad of that.

He was now in full possession of his physical senses, which were never before so perfect, and simply gave himself up to the passive enjoyment of the delightful world that he had so miraculously regained. He was even glad that he was hungry, that he was thirsty, that he was in pain, that he was alive — glad of everything. Absorbed in the sensuous happiness of the moment, he had given no thought to the means of his escape. He was not even aware that he had escaped. Rapidly and noiselessly he had been borne downstream, far beyond the line of his enemies, and was approaching the southern bank of the river, which at that point was higher than the northern. Presently he was swept against it, and his head rose above the surface among some boughs that overhung the water. By its aid he managed to drag himself ashore and conceal himself in the dense undergrowth that covered the bank to the edge of the water.

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The sergeant commanded extended rank in judgment and the civilian was forced to take a position in the front rank between the two nearest the sergeant. He noticed a moment at his left the face of the officer who had charge of the execution. It was a young man's face, full of energy, with blue eyes and a clean-shaven mouth. His lower jaw projected far beyond the upper lip. Under other circumstances it would have been called a strong face, full of character.

He closed his eyes in order to be by half-thoughts upon his wife and children. The water, touched to gold by the early sun, the sloping sides of the bank, the trees and flowers above the bluffs, the sky — all of that world which he was leaving forever — were distinct to his senses, but did not affect his consciousness. Part of his mind busied itself with his approaching death, part was fixed upon his wife and children, part was unable to realize that anything had happened. Those movements left the consciousness unbalanced.

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was recorded, if ambient, from 1 clear and
cool piano duet by Tom Swayze to Evanston,
by Lucille Bierce.

2000 | 48'15 | Replay 2.0.2
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2017 Textured

Digital Eggs | Kindle Book | 9 pages | publication November 2013

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